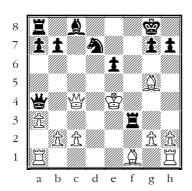
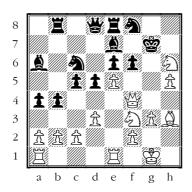
Test Yourself!

Bakre (2454) - Khader (2384) 16th Abu Dhabi Festival 19.08.2006



Lapshun (2452) - Meier (2450)First Saturday GM HUN (9), 13.08.2006



World Chess News

Credit Suisse, Zurich

Kasparov, as planned, appeared at the chess board on August 22nd to play six blitz tournament games a 150th celebrating the of Credit Anniversary Suisse. This bank is known in the chess world for its past support, Biel chess festivals, etc. Kasparov and Anatoly Karpov shared first

place: both of them can now include the tournament in the long list of their victories.



Time should tell what this return means. For the moment, the press (especially in Russia!) are speculating with all their might – despite Kasparov's numerous clear statements that he does not want to return to professional chess.

Round 1

Kasparov – Korchnoi 1–0 Polgar – Karpov ½–½

Round 2

Karpov – Korchnoi 1–0 Polgar – Kasparov 0–1

Round 3

Kasparov – Karpov ½–½ Korchnoi – Polgar 0–1

Round 4

Karpov – Polgar 1–0 Korchnoi – Kasparov ½–½

Round 5

Kasparov – Polgar 1–0 Korchnoi – Karpov 0–1

Round 6

Karpov – Kasparov ½–½ Polgar – Korchnoi 1–0

Final Standings:

1–2. Kasparov and Karpov – 4½, 3. Ju.Polgar – 2½, 4. Korchnoi – ½.

One quote from Anatoly Karpov's <u>interview</u> for Izvestia (22nd August 2006):

"Since 1984, when these mad matches with Kasparov began, I never relaxed for more than ten days in a row".

Official website

More on Mainz

by GM Mikhail Golubev

It seems to me that due to the efforts of the Mainz organisers, the public image of Chess960 (also known as Fisherrandom) gradually becomes more positive. At least, it surely goes this way with my own opinion! Well, the "wrong" setup of pieces still looks ugly to me. But that it is just a matter of habit and education. Children, when they learn to play chess, in the beginning are trying to put pieces randomly. Chess960 helps solve some key problems of modern chess. When I have to annotate the game for the mainstream newspaper, I am often simply afraid to inform readers about how many moves of the game was Importantly, theory. generations of chess-players simply deserve to have a free room for their opening findings at the early stages of the game! So, though I still may like acute theoretical games, now I am ready to support the development of Chess960. It may be noted that Fischer is a recognised chess genius and it can psychologically acceptable for many to follow his example. Any radical suggestions from lesser figures would hardly get reasonable chances for public success.

Now to the Mainz web links. ChessBase yesterday has published an illustrated report from the Ordix Open (which, as we informed our readers, was won by GM Kasimdzhanov). The Ordix Open full results (622 players!) can be found at the official site. Many other web sites covered the Mainz festival. I would like to mention here the ICC (daily reports by John Henderson are available there) and Kostenik.com.

French Championships

GM Laurent Fressinet in continuing to lead in the main, National–A French championship. In the women's championship Almira Skripchenko is leading with an impressive result: 7½ points out of 8.

Standings after 8 rounds:

- 1. Fressinet 6,
- 2. Tkachiev 5½,
- 3. Lautier 5,
- 4. Fontaine $4\frac{1}{2}$,
- 5-6. Vachier-Lagrave and Dorfman 4,
- 7-8. A.Sokolov and Bauer 3½,
- 9–12. Libiszewski, Colin, Nataf and Vaisser 3.

Official website

NH Chess Tournament

In the round four Dr. Nunn of the "Experience" team defeated Smeets nicely, but one of the "Rising Stars", Karjakin, managed to win his game as well. The overall score is still level: Rising Stars 10 – Experience 10.

Round 4 results:

Beliavsky – Carlsen ½-½
Jussupow – Karjakin 0-1
Andersson – Wang Hao ½-½
Nunn – Smeets 1-0
Ljubojevic – Stellwagen ½-½
Official website

Staunton Memorial

After two draws with White in Rounds 7 and 8 (versus Jan Timman and Jan Werle), Ivan Sokolov's lead looks less convincing than it was before.

Standings after round 8:

- 1. I.Sokolov 6½,
- 2-4. Adams, Werle and Timman 6,
- 5. L'Ami 5,
- 6. Bosboom-Lanchava 4,
- 7–10. Visser, Speelman, Levitt and Wells 3,
- 11. D.Howell 1½,
- 12. Day 1.
- Official website

Rubinstein Memorial

As TWIC reports, the Rubinstein Memorial takes place in Polanica Zdroj, Poland from 20th – 28th August. It is an all-play-all event of the 13th Category with ten participants.

Standings after round 3:

1. Kryvoruchko (UKR 2536) – 2½, 2–3. B.Socko (POL 2621) and Laznicka (CZE 2602) – 2, 4–7. Heberla (POL 2551), Kempinski (POL 2567), Belov (RUS 2598) and Bobras (POL 2535) – 1½, 8–9. Zubarev (UKR 2518) and Czarnota (POL 2547) – 1, 10. S.Atalik (TUR 2619) – ½. Official website

Bratto, Italy

Adolivio Capece informs:

"The 26th International Chess Festival "Conca della Presolana" in Bratto, Italy (a small mountain town, 40 km far from the city of Bergamo), has started on 19th August. 10 GMs and many IMs are playing. Bratto is one of the strongest tournaments in Italy and probably the most crowded. It is possible to follow the most important games of the Master Group live on the web site (www.scaccobratto.com). On the same days the Italian Women's Championship and the Italian Under-20 Championship are taking place. In latter event, 13-vear-old International Master Fabiano Caruana is playing, it is his first official tournament in Italy. On August 21st there were two beautiful games in Bratto: the one played by Fabiano Caruana (he won the daily beauty prize) and the one played by GM Miso Cebalo – an interesting theoretical novelty in the Trompowsky. *[See* today's database - CT Ed.] On August 23rd at 21:00 in the nice Hotel Milano there will be the official presentation of the DVD about the Chess Olympiads Torino 2006."

Lithuania vs Latvia

The traditional match between Lithuania and Latvia on 100 boards ended 57–43 in favour of the host country, Lithuania. The match took place on Saturday, August 12 in Kaunas. Results of individual boards: www1.omnitel.net/margiris (Source of news: TWIC).

First Saturday August GM

The First Saturday August tournaments have ended on 15th August.

GM Group Final Standings:

1. G.Meier – 9½, 2–3. A.Braun and Le Quang Liem – 9, 4–5. D.Kosic and M.Rodshtein – 8½, 6. Yu.Lapshun – 7, etc. (14 players). FS website

Re GM Slugfest and BAP

In his blog, Dennis Monokroussos has <u>commented</u> on yesterday's CT contribution by Clint Ballard, "GM Slugfest and BAP". Some thoughts by the blog visitors can be found at the same page.

Chess Chronicle No More?

by GM Alex Baburin

Yesterday I got an e-mail through our website, which made me very curious. It went like this: "Hi! Is *Chess Today* still existing? Can I subscribe and pay money by credit card without risk? I have heard, *Chess Today* doesn't come out regularly anymore?! How about that?? Please give me some hope, because I would like to subscribe!"

Well, I knew that *Chess Today* still existed – for I had just prepared the past four issues of it! © I also knew that our payment options were very safe, for we have not had a single complaint in our nearly 6 years of existence. But what did that e-mail refer to then?

I quickly recalled that recently somebody asked me about *Chess Chronicle*, so I guessed that our would-be-subscriber could have confused that newsletter with CT. A quick search on Google revealed that indeed *Chess Chronicle* might have folded – Chessville <a href="https://doi.org/10.1001/journal.com/hitter-than-10.

Before *Chess Chronicle* was launched, its publisher and editor Abdul Karim sought general advice from me. I believe that I was as friendly and accommodating as one can be towards his future competitor. Therefore I was rather amused when I saw that CC not

only copied our format (that is not protected by copyright, of course), but took almost word for word our introduction. Compare their intro with the latest version (the earlier version had even stronger resemblance!) of our home page. Surely, Mr Karim could have worded it a bit differently? Later I learnt that Chess Chronicle had a rather feeble respect for copyright. as Mig's blog reported in January 2006. Finally, I was not happy to read that CC had called our work (even if a bit indirectly) 'yellow journalism'. As they say in Russia, "no good deed goes unpunished!" I should have kept that in mind when advising Mr Karim!" ©

Anyway, I'd be interested to know what really happened to *Chess Chronicle*. If you know anything, please send a message to ababurin@iol.ie And please let your chess friends know that *Chess Today* is alive and well! One good way to do that is to forward them our latest issue!

Annotated Game

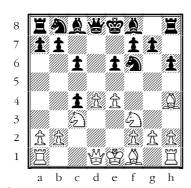
by GM Mikhail Golubev

White: T. Radjabov Black: V. Anand

GrenkeLeasing Rapid Wch Match Mainz GER (7), 20.08.2006 QGD; Semi-Slav - [D43]

In many ways, the rapid chess world championship match was decided in its penultimate game.

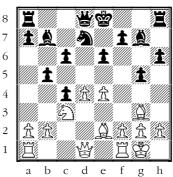
1.d4 d5 2.c4 c6 3.\(\tilde{Q}\)c3 \(\tilde{Q}\)f6 4.\(\tilde{Q}\)f3 e6 5.\(\tilde{Q}\)g5 h6 6.\(\tilde{Q}\)h4 dxc4 7.e4 (D)



7...g5
This is Black's usual continuation in the highly topical "Anti-Moscow Gambit". Instead, 7...b5 8.e5 transposes to the Botvinnik Variation, the most normal road to which is

5...dxc4.

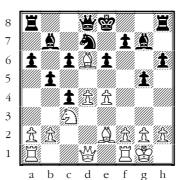
8. 🚊 g3 b5 9. 🚊 e2 🚊 b7 10.0-0 🖒 bd7 11. 🔄 e5 🚊 g7 12. 🗟 xd7 💪 xd7 (D)



13.Ad6

This particular position occurred in practice for the first time in 2005, but already we have touched on this subject in several CT issues. If now 13...e5, then Black's main problem is 14. \$\textit{Q}4!\$, Izoria-Riazantsev, Ajaccio rpd 2005. While 14.d5, as Radjabov earlier played against Dreev, is also possible.

13...a6 (D)



Black overprotects his b5 pawn, preparing a possible ...c5.

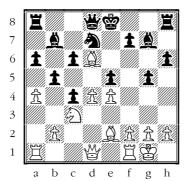
14.a4

The line 14.e5 c5 15.2h5 2f8 16.d5 ②xd6 17.②xf7+ ③xf7 18.dxe6+ ⑤g7∞ first occurred in Izoria-Erenburg, Khanty Mansyisk 2005, Round 1.3.; Of interest for us today is the third game of the Mainz match, which continued 14. Qh5 Qf8!N (14...e5 15.f4! Agrest-Kulaots, Turin 2006) 15. 2xf8 2xf8!? 16.e5 (GM Korotylev at ChessPro.ru suggested 16.d5!?) 16...\begin{align*} b6! (Maxim Notkin in CT-2044 examined 16...c5 17.d5 ②xe5 18.\(\mathbb{Z}\)e1 where "Black's position looks shaky") 17.2e4 0-0-0! 18.2d6+ (18.2xf7? 2xe5!) 18...\$b8 19. 2xf7 (Other options: 19. 2xf7 c5! 20. Qxe6 cxd4 21. Qxd7 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xd7 22.a4 GM Zarnicki, Clarin.com) 19...\(\maxstruct{\max}\) xf7! $20.2xf7 2xe5 \equiv (D)$



(The knight goes to d3. Now Black has a good compensation for the 22.\(\textit{\textit{x}}\) xe6 (22.4g8!? Monokroussos) 22...c5 (at this point Radjabov had only 5 minutes left, while Anand had 21 minutes) (23.4f5 ₩c6 Korotylev) 23... \$\mathbb{2}a7! \mathbb{7}. Black is better. and Anand won after 24. Zae1 2d3 25.\(\mathbb{Z}\)e3 \(\mathbb{Z}\)d6 26.h4 \(\Delta\)f4 27.hxg5 \(\Delta\)xe6 28.f3 b4 29.當h2 當c7 30.當g1 包f4 31.營f8 莒d2 32.莒e7 當d6 33.營f7 包e2+ 34. \$\delta\$h1 \$\overline{1}\$g3+ 35. \$\delta\$g1 \$\dd=d4+ 36. \$\dd=h2\$ ₩h4+ 0-1

14...e5 (D)



15. Qg4N

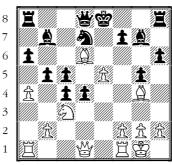
A curious game Izoria-Erenburg, Khanty Mansyisk 2005 (Round 1.2)

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followed 15.d5 c5 16.b4!? (16.axb5 \black{\pi}b6!) 16...cxb4 (At the first glance, unpleasant 16...≌b6 for Black is 17.bxc5 2xc5 18.\(\text{\text{\text{2}}}\) xc5 19.axb5 ₩xc5 axb5 20.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xa8+\(\mathbb{Z}\)xa8 21.\(\mathbb{Z}\)a1 0-0 22. ₩a5; as well as 16...cxb3 17.axb5) 17. 2xb4 a5 18.2d6 b4 19.2b5 ¤c8 20.\(\perpxc4\) (20.\(\) g4!? h5 axb4 21.\(\textit{\textit{2}}\text{xb4!}\) 22.�d6+ was suggested in CT-1848) 20...¤xc4 21.¤c1 ¤xc1

22.\(\delta\)xc1 \(\delta\)b6!= 23.\(\delta\)c7+ \(\delta\)d8 24.\(\delta\)b5 \(\delta\)e8 25.\(\delta\)c7+ \(\frac{1}{2}\)-\(\frac{1}{2}\)

15...exd4 16.e5 c5! (D)



a b c d e f g h

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In contrast with the 13...e5 line, the inclusion of 13...a6 14.a4 makes the advance of the c-pawn possible. Much weaker was 16...②xe5? 17.\dispxd4! with the idea 17...\dispf3+ 18.gxf3 \textsqxd4 19.\dispfe1++- or 16...\dxc3? 17.e6.

17.汽e1

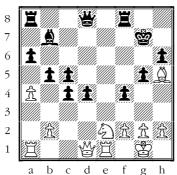
"To my mind in case of 17.2f3 White retains dangerous initiative", a observed Maxim in his analysis in CT-2044. (Yes, he predicted the novelty also for this Radjabov vs Anand game!). For a while I could not find anything playable for Black after the bishop's retreat, because I mainly capture considered the natural 17...\(\textit{2}\text{xf3}\)?! (Also dubious are 19.**쌀f**3: 17...dxc3?! 18.\(\textit{Q}\x\text{xb7}\) cxb2 19.\(\text{\mathbb{Z}}\text{b1}\); and 17... 2xe5?! 18. 2xb7 ±. But when I switched off my computer, then I quickly spotted 17...2xe5! After 18.2xb7 \(\text{\te}\text{\texi{\text{\text{\texi{\texi{\texi{\text{\text{\texi{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{ may suggest 19...\dig d8 20.axb5 dxc3 21.\(\mathbb{L}\)c6+ 2xc6 22.bxc6 23.\(\mathbb{Z}\)axd1 0-0 24.bxc3 \(\mathbb{Z}\)c8 while the human can prefer 19...0-0) 18. ₩xf3, and here Black is in deep trouble, because the white bishop on d6 practically paralyzes him: 18...2xe5

17...**②**xe5!

Again not good for Black is 17...dxc3?! 18.e6

18. ⊈xe5 0-0 19. ⊈xg7 🗳xg7

20.②e2 f5! Otherwise **③**g3. **21.②h5 f4!**∞ **(***D***)**



Black's compensation for the piece seems to be sufficient. White's knight is restricted on e2, so it is hard for White use his only trump: the weakened position of the black king.

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22.b4!

Radjabov is trying to open the position, and it seems to be the correct policy.

22...cxb3

Solid. Instead, highly unclear is 22...d3 23.bxc5! (where Black can not go for 23...dxe2? 24. \forall xe2), as well as 22...f3 23. \Diamond g3!? with the idea of \triangle 23...cxb4?! 24. \Box e6 \Box f6 25. \forall e1 \Diamond d5 26. \Box e7+.

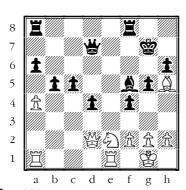
23.骨xb3 骨d5!

Not 23...c4? 24.\displayb2 c3 25.\displayxc3! dxc3 26.\displayxc3++- and, suddenly, White's attack decides.

24.骨h3!

The exchange of queens is desirable for Black, but not for White.

24... 真c8 25. 皆d3 真f5 26. 皆d2 皆d7 (D)



27. \ ac1?!

27... 耳ac8 28.h4

White is trying to create some potential targets for attack, but this advance may weaken his position more than Black's.

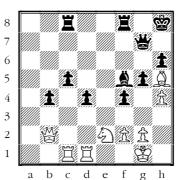
28...當h8 29.axb5 axb5 30.營b2

30. \ a1!? Korotylev

30...b4 31. \ ed1

Or 31.hxg5 hxg5 32.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c4 \(\mathbb{L}\)d3!? and 33.\(\mathbb{L}\)xd4? is parried by 33...\(\mathbb{L}\)g7!\(-+\).

31...\g7!∓ (D)



Preparing ...d3. Black already dominates, so Radjabov decides to return his extra knight, seeking drawing chances.

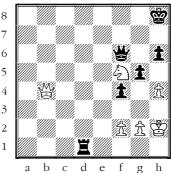
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32.**公**xd4!? 置fd8

There were important alternatives: 32...gxh4!?, as suggested by Maxim Notkin in his live comments at Chess Pro, and also the most obvious 32...cxd4 33. ₩xb4 d3.

Correct was 34... \$\text{\ti}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\

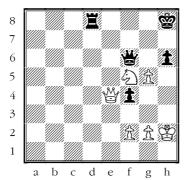


38.**₩e**4?!

Missing the way out: 38.♠xh6!! (pointed out by Maxim, by Kasparov on Playchess.com, etc.) 38...♥xh6 (or 38...g4 39.♠f7+ △₩xf7 40.♣c3+!=) 39.♣c3+! ♣g7 40.♣c8+= - Black is not able to avoid the perpetual check without losing his rook.

38... \ d8 = 39.hxg5 (D)

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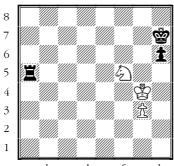
39...骨xg5!?

40.**₽h**3

After 40.\degree 6+ \degree g8 41.\degree 6+ (Korotylev) Black has 41...\degree h7!\degree .

40... 宣f8 41. 公h4 **宣g8 42. 曾f5**

Offering the exchange of queens. White could also play 42.\(\mathbb{G}\)f3 or 42.\(\mathbb{G}\)e2, defending the g4 square and planning to meet 42...h5 by the check on the long diagonal.



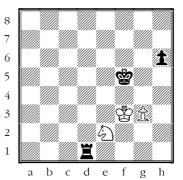
a b c d e f g h

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Korotylev, who analysed this ending, opined at ChessPro that this is probably a draw. Likely so. (One would be more confident, having some relevant tablebase at hand.) In the real world, Radjabov's problems with the time on his clock were of higher importance that the objective assessment of the endgame.

47.分h4 曾g7 48.分g2 曾f6 49.分f4 罝g5+ 50.曾h4

Possibly, Radjabov did not see an important defensive method (which will be described below), otherwise he could play 50. \$\&rightarrow\$f3.



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57. **g**2?

It was not too late to play 57. 2f4!, preparing the knight's transfer to f2. A similar position occurred in the game Hanstein – Von Heydebrand und der Lasa as long ago as 1841. Accordingly to the available score of that game, Black did not try seriously to break White's defence.

57...當g4 58.當f2 萬d3 After the further ...當f3! White's defence inevitably collapses. **0-1**

Solutions to our quiz:

16...**b5!!-+ 17.b3** 17.營xa4 **4**b7+ 18.**含**d4 **e**5# 17...**4**b7+ 18.**含**d4 **咨a6! 0-1**

21. \(\text{\textit{x}}\) xe6!! ②xe6 21...**②**xe5 22.**2**f5++-22.exf6+! Axf6 23.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xe6!! \(\mathbb{Z}\)xe6 24.\g4+! **学f8** 24...**\$**h8 25.**②**f7+ **₽**h7 26.\\g6#: 24...**\$**h7 25.\g6+ 26.**②**f7#: 24...**\$**xh6 25.\g6#; 24...**Q**g5 25.\\\\\xe6+− 25.\degree g8+! 25...曾e7 26.曾f7+ 曾d6 27.公f5# 1-0

Contact information. Have some comments about Chess Today? E-mail us – we appreciate your feedback! *Chess Today* is published by Alexander Baburin, 3 Eagle Hill, Blackrock, Co. Dublin, Ireland. Tel: (353–1) 278–2276. Fax: (353–1) 283–6839. E-mail: ababurin@iol.ie Website: http://www.chesstoday.net Editors: GMs Baburin, Scherbakov and Golubev; IMs Barsky, Notkin and Vlassov. Technical editors: Graham Brown and Ralph Marconi.

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